

## **GOVERNANCE AND AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Date of Meeting	Wednesday, 28 <sup>th</sup> September 2022
Report Subject	School Reserves Year Ending 31 March 2022
Report Author	Chief Officer (Education and Youth)

#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The overall level of reserves held by Flintshire schools was £12.555m at 31 March 2022, an increase of £5.652m compared with the previous year.

A summary of the position at the end of March 2022 is shown in table 1 below.

Sector	Reserves 31st March 2021 (£)	% of Budget	Reserves 31st March 2022 (£)	% of Budget	Variance (£)	Variance (%)
PRIMARY	6,025,937	11.4%	8,445,703	16.2%	2,419,766	4.84%
SECONDARY	472,112	1.1%	3,488,879	7.3%	3,016,767	6.23%
SPECIALIST	404,402	9.4%	620,330	14.7%	215,928	5.27%
TOTAL	6,902,451	6.8%	12,554,912	12.1%	5,652,461	5.23%

Table 1

The level of school reserves has increased considerably across all sectors over the past year and continues the trend seen at the end of the last financial year, however this is a reversal of trends prior to 2020/21.

A factor contributing significantly to the increase in school reserves is the volume of additional grants being awarded to schools by Welsh Government in recognition of the significant effect the pandemic has had on our learners and the need for schools to provide additional support. Whilst additional grant funding is to be welcomed and notification of grants was generally earlier than received last year, a number of grants were awarded during the last quarter of the financial year and have the impact of inflating the level of school reserves at the year end.

Higher levels of uncertainty around future pay and utility costs due to levels of inflation not seen for decades will mean setting future balanced budgets at a Council, and at an individual school, level will be very challenging in the medium term. Prudent management of school reserves will be an important component in assisting schools to achieve balanced budgets over this difficult period.

RECO	MMENDATIONS
1	To review the report and level of school reserves as at the 31 March 2022.

# **REPORT DETAILS**

1.00	EXPLAININ	G SCHOOL F	RESERVES	\$			
1.01	The overall I	evel of reserv	vec hold h	Eliptobiro	school	c was £12	555m at 21
1.01		an increase					
	A summary o	of the position	at the end	of March 2	022 is s	shown in ta	able 1 below.
	Table 1						
	Sector	Reserves 31st March 2021 (£)	% of	eserves 31st March 2022 (£)	% of Budget	Varianc (£)	e Variance (%)
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	TOTAL	6,902,451	6.8%	12,554,912	12.1%	5,652,4	61 5.23%
1.02	£0.263m that centrally on a and was a re HwB grant t funded by gr Overall, the t total level of	that the figu t schools are schools beha equirement by to ensure lev ants are sust total level of p secondary so ialist schools	required to If. This is Welsh Go rels of ICT ained. rimary sch chools rese	o set aside to fund futt vernment a investmer ools reserv rves increa	in the l ure inve as part nt in so res incre ased by	ICT HwB F estment in of the cond chools in r eased by £ 2.3.017m	Reserve held schools ICT ditions of the recent years 22.420m, the
	increasing, h	ontinuation of lowever this is lates and show ears.	s a reversa	l of trends	seen in	n recent ye	ars. Table 2
	Sector	Reserves 31st March 2018 (£)	Reserves 31s March 2019 (f			eserves 31st arch 2021 (£)	Reserves 31st March 2022 (£)
	PRIMARY	2,402,461	2,565,10	9 1,90	1,956	6,025,937	8,445,703
	SECONDARY	-1,285,856	-1,454,81	1 -2,07	6,302	472,112	3,488,879
	SPECIALIST	168,193	224,78	9 28	6,303	404,402	620,330
	TOTAL	1,284,798	1,335,08	7 11	1,956	6,902,451	12,554,912

The common factor affecting both financial years 2020/21 and 2021/22 is the significant additional funding all schools have received in the form of specific grants.

## 1.03 Additional Grants

In recognition of the challenges the pandemic presented to both schools and learners, Welsh Government over the past 2 years have provided significant additional funding to schools in the form of grants which must be spent on specific activities and targets. The challenges continue as the effects of school closures during the pandemic, on our learners becomes clearer. To assist schools and councils in planning services Welsh Government have indicated that 'catch up' programmes will continue into 2022/23, 2023/24 and 2024/25 albeit at a reduced funding level.

Additional grants have also been awarded to support other ongoing developments in schools including the introduction of the new curriculum and the phased implementation of new legislation for learners with additional learning needs.

Table 3 below shows the level of grants schools have received in the last 3 financial years split across the 3 sectors. Demonstrating the total amount of additional funding being awarded to schools all with specific terms and conditions that must be adhered to.

#### Table 3

Sector	Grants 2021/22	Grants 2020/21	Grants 2019/20
PRIMARY	14,370,115	11,404,009	8,852,568
SECONDARY	10,898,836	9,222,854	8,018,691
SPECIALIST	364,503	197,703	203,801
TOTAL	25,633,455	20,824,566	17,075,060

A number of additional grants in 2021/22 were announced in the last quarter. These announcements were earlier than last financial year. Due to their notification dates being in the last quarter, combined with other issues such as difficulties in recruiting suitable employees, this can have the effect of displacing expenditure already incurred and act to release planned use of general schools funding. This inflates the level of school reserves as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, as the school allocations are carried forward into 2022/23 financial year to fund spending in 2022/23.

Whilst additional funding is welcomed, it is important to note that grants come with specific terms and conditions which must be adhered to, and therefore schools are restricted to what they can use the funding for. Grants also create an administrative burden on schools and councils in the form of returns, monitoring outcomes, tracking expenditure etc, which is generally unfunded.

### 1.04 **Council's role in monitoring the level of School Reserves.**

The School Funding (Wales) Regulations 2010 require local authorities to have the following provisions in their Scheme for Financing Schools:

	The use that a governing body proposes to make of a surplus in the school balance which exceeds 5% of the school budget share or $\pounds10,000$ , whichever is the greater.
	A provision under which– (a) the authority may direct the governing body as to how to spend a surplus in the school balance for a funding period, if– (i) in the case of a primary school the surplus is £50,000 or more, and (ii) in the case of a secondary school or a special school the surplus is £100,000 or more;
	(b) the authority may, if the governing body do not comply with such a direction, require the governing body to pay all or part of that surplus to the authority to be applied as part of their schools budget for the funding period in question.
1.05	In accordance with the Regulations, the Council's Scheme for Financing Schools requires a spending plan from schools as to the use that the governing body proposes to make of a school balance which exceeds the limits specified.
	Given the level of uncertainty within which schools were preparing to set their 2022/23 budget, and the impact of grants in recent years from Welsh Government, the Council notified all schools in January 2022 that it would not be automatically clawing back school reserves in excess of 5% of school budget share at 31st March 2022. However, schools were advised that the Council would require more detailed information to better understand each school's financial position at 31st March 2022 and each governing body's plan for spending reserves in excess of the 5% level over the medium term (3 years).
	Schools were required to complete a revised 'School Reserve Declaration Form', by 30th June, alongside setting their annual budget. An example form is attached at Appendix 2 for information.
	Analysis of the completed forms shows that the main reasons schools gave for balances being excess of the 5% of school budget recommendation are as follows:
	<ul> <li>Grants from Welsh Government acting to replace spending from school reserves.</li> <li>A challenging labour market with conditions generally making it difficult to recruit, especially employees on a supply or temporary basis.</li> <li>Building / premises projects that schools had planned and had set reserves aside to fund haven't been able to take place due to issues and delays related to the pandemic. It is difficult to find contractors and some materials, and works also need to coincide with school holidays.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Reserves built up due to a combination of additional resources and savings from periods of school closures during the pandemic.</li> <li>Reserves purposefully built up to fund a predicted shortfall in funding in future years due to falling pupil numbers.</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Reserves purposefully built up due to c future energy price increases.</li> </ul>	oncerns over a	ability to affor
	Plans schools have for spending their reserves follows:	over the mediu	ım term are a
	Reserves to be used in balancing future	budaets	
	<ul> <li>Increasing levels of employees to restandards / focus on catch up learning a</li> <li>Staff release time, training, purchasing restances</li> </ul>	duce class siz s a result of the sources require	e pandemic. ed to introduc
	the new Additional Learning Needs legis in.		being phase
	<ul> <li>Preparing for the introduction of the new</li> <li>Purchasing additional resources and ICT</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Building and premises projects e.g. a indicated that they need to invest environments.</li> </ul>	a numbers of	
1.06	Secondary Schools		
	secondary sector. Overall secondary reservence increase of £3.017m. This equates to 7.3% of increase from 1.1% at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021.		
	Table / categorises school reserves by nu	mber in variou	is nercentad
	Table 4 categorises school reserves by nu brackets.	mber in variou	is percentag
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	brackets.	mber in variou Reserves 31st March 2021	Reserves 31st March 2022
	brackets. Table 4	Reserves 31st	Reserves 31st
	brackets. Table 4 No. of Secondary Schools	Reserves 31st March 2021	Reserves 31st March 2022
	brackets. Table 4 No. of Secondary Schools In Deficit Reserves	Reserves 31st March 2021 4	Reserves 31st March 2022 2
	brackets. Table 4 No. of Secondary Schools In Deficit Reserves Reserves between 0% and 5% of School Budget	Reserves 31st           March 2021           4           1	Reserves 31st March 2022 2 1
	brackets. Table 4 No. of Secondary Schools In Deficit Reserves Reserves between 0% and 5% of School Budget Reserves between 5% and 10% of School Budget	Reserves 31st           March 2021           4           1           6	Reserves 31st March 2022 2 1 4
	brackets. Table 4 No. of Secondary Schools In Deficit Reserves Reserves between 0% and 5% of School Budget Reserves between 5% and 10% of School Budget Reserves between 10% and 15% of School Budget	Reserves 31st           March 2021           4           1           6           0	Reserves 31st           March 2022           2           1           4           2
	brackets. Table 4 No. of Secondary Schools In Deficit Reserves Reserves between 0% and 5% of School Budget Reserves between 5% and 10% of School Budget Reserves between 10% and 15% of School Budget Reserves inexcess of 15% of School Budget	Reserves 31st March 2021 4 1 6 0 0 11 compared with 4 d with £1.912n ancial Difficulty s	Reserves 31st March 2022 2 1 4 2 2 11 4 4 the previou school suppo
	brackets. Table 4 No. of Secondary Schools In Deficit Reserves Reserves between 0% and 5% of School Budget Reserves between 5% and 10% of School Budget Reserves between 10% and 15% of School Budget Reserves inexcess of 15% of School Budget TOTAL 2 schools out of 11 were in a deficit position of year. Deficits amounted to £0.745m compared year. In line with the Protocol for Schools in Final	Reserves 31stMarch 20214160011compared with £1.912nancial Difficulty sheld with these sharp school sectacross the sectorch 2021 it was	Reserves 31st March 2022 2 1 4 2 2 11 4 4 the previou school suppor schools. tor in Flintshir or has risen t s just 1.1% c

	Under the Protocol for Schools in Financial D taken place during the past year to fully under each school in deficit. The schools in deficit c	, ,	
	budget from the resources allocated throug delivering a broad and balanced curriculum. whether the funding formula provides suff particularly smaller schools, and those communities, to operate sustainably. As part recommendation to manage the reduction in effectively, additional funding was allocated to for this purpose and initial work was conduct review the funding formula. The funding remain work on the formula continues to ensure every allocation that allows them to operate sustainal	annot set an in the funding This elicits the ficient resource serving our m t of the respons school budget secondary scho ed with second ins in the base b secondary scho	cial position o year balanced formula whils question as to for schools nost deprived to the Estyr deficits more pols in 2021/22 ary schools to pudget and the
.07	Primary Schools		
	During the year there has been a general incre		
	sector. Overall primary reserves stood at £8.4 This equates to 16.2% of primary budgets, ar March 2021. Table 5 categorises school reserves by nu brackets.	n increase from	11.4% at 31s
	sector. Overall primary reserves stood at £8.4 This equates to 16.2% of primary budgets, ar March 2021. Table 5 categorises school reserves by nu	n increase from umber in variou Reserves 31st	11.4% at 31s us percentage Reserves 31st
	sector. Overall primary reserves stood at £8.4 This equates to 16.2% of primary budgets, ar March 2021. Table 5 categorises school reserves by nu brackets. Table 5 No. of Primary Schools	n increase from umber in variou Reserves 31st March 2021	11.4% at 31s us percentage Reserves 31st March 2022
	sector. Overall primary reserves stood at £8.4 This equates to 16.2% of primary budgets, ar March 2021. Table 5 categorises school reserves by nu brackets. Table 5 No. of Primary Schools In Deficit Reserves	n increase from umber in variou Reserves 31st March 2021 1	11.4% at 31s us percentage Reserves 31st March 2022 0
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	sector. Overall primary reserves stood at £8.4 This equates to 16.2% of primary budgets, ar March 2021. Table 5 categorises school reserves by nubrackets. <b>Table 5</b> <b>No. of Primary Schools</b> In Deficit Reserves Reserves between 0% and 5% of School Budget Reserves between 5% and 10% of School Budget Reserves between 10% and 15% of School Budget	n increase from umber in variou Reserves 31st March 2021 1 7 17 21	11.4% at 31s us percentage Reserves 31st March 2022 0 3 7 20

impact on the primary sector going forward.

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
	No direct resource implications as a result of this report. The impact of high levels of inflation on the financial resilience of schools is an area of concern.

3.00	RISK MANAGEMENT
3.01	As budgets come under increasing pressure from high levels of inflation and reduced financial settlements from Welsh Government compared with recent years, there is a risk that more schools will slip into a deficit position. The Schools Accounting Team have developed a risk rating process to identify schools where the financial position is a cause for concern so that they can target their support.
3.02	To balance budgets schools may need to review their employment structures which may result in redundancies.
3.03	Continued pressure on school finances may result in increased class sizes, a reduced curriculum and falling standards.

4.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED / CARRIED OUT
4.01	This report has been circulated to all Headteachers and will be reviewed by the Schools Budget Forum and the Education, Youth and Culture Overview and Scrutiny Committee at their September 2022 meetings.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	Appendix 1 - School Reserves 2021-22 Appendix 2 – School Reserves Declaration Form 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022

6.00	LIST OF ACCESSIBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS
6.01	None.

7.00	CONTACT OFFICER DETAILS
7.01	Contact Officer: Liz Thomas, Strategic Finance Manager - Schools Telephone: 01352 702289 E-mail: liz.thomas@flintshire.gov.uk

8.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
8.01	<b>School Reserves</b> – Reserves are sums of money that schools carry forward from one year to the next. They arise from underspends and overspends against school allocations over time. Schools are responsible for managing their own finances. The level of reserves held by an individual school will depend on a number of factors. These will include the timing of receipt of income and of payments, and the level of contingency fund the school governing body considers appropriate and the particular plans each school has for expenditure.
	Flintshire County Council's Scheme for Financing Schools – The Scheme defines the financial relationship between Flintshire County Council and its maintained schools. The Scheme details the financial management arrangements to which the Authority and its schools are required to adhere. The framework for this Scheme is based on legislative provisions contained in sections 45-53 of the School Standards and Framework Act, 1998 and as further detailed in The School Funding (Wales) Regulations 2010.